**DIDP (Kanatol 1001-KLJ)** 



# SAFETY DATA SHEET GHS HCS-2012 §1910.1200

Read the entire SDS for a complete hazard assessment.

### Section 1. Product and Company Identification

#### 1.1 Product Identifiers:

**Product Names:** DIDP (Kanatol 1001-KLJ)

Synonyms: 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylicacid, bis(iso-decyl) ester; Phthalic acid, bis(iso-decyl l)

ester; Bis(iso-decyl) phthalate; Di- iso-decyl phthalate

Chemical Name: 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylicacid, bis(iso-decyl) ester

**CAS Number** 26761-40-0 **EINECS Number:** 247-977-1

**Recommended use:** Laboratory and other commercial uses including plasticizer in PVC

**Restrictions on use:** Commercial use only.

#### 1.2 Manufacturer and Supplier/Distributor:

#### Manufacturer Distributor

KLJ PLASTICIZERS LIMITED R.E. Carroll, Inc.

Sr.no.98/1, Village Silli 1570 North Olden Avenue Silvassa-396230 (D&NH), INDIA Trenton, NJ 08638-3204 USA

Phone: +91 9909996425/426/427/428 Phone: 609-695-6211

Fax: 609-695-0102 Responsible Party

John Boruta Quality Assurance / Compliance Manager

E-mail: silvassa2002@kljindia.com Email: johnb@recarroll.com

Web Site: www.recarroll.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

In the US: For a transport accident or leak, fire or major spill, call CHEMTREC, (800) 424-9300.

For International CHEMTREC assistance, call 1-703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted).

#### Section 2. Hazards Identification

### 2.1 Globally Harmonized System (GHS) Hazard Classification:

OSHA Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS): non-hazardous. This SDS meets the requirements of GHS Revision 3, HCS 2012 (29 CFR 1910.1200).

US GHS Classifications: Not classified as Hazardous

#### 2.2 GHS Label elements including precautionary statements:

Hazard pictograms: None GHS Signal word: None Hazard Statement: None.

DIDP (Kanatol 1001-KLJ) Version 2 April 11, 2017

Page 1 of 12





# SAFETY DATA SHEET GHS HCS-2012 §1910.1200

**Precautionary Statements:** 

**Prevention:** Do not breathe gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wear protective gloves, eye and skin protection

Avoid release to the environment.

**Response:** 

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs, get medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. If eye irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

**STORAGE:** Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

**DISPOSAL:** Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal. See section 13 of this SDS for disposal instructions.

#### 2.3 Other hazards which are not included in the classification criteria:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute aquatic toxicity(Category 1), H400

Chronic aquatic toxicity(Category 1), H410

Label elements: Labeling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and GHS Symbol Pictogram



Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s) Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects H410

Precautionary statement(s) Avoid release to the environment P273 P501

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS No	EINECS No.	Weight percent
Di- iso-decyl phthalate	26761-40-0	247-977-1	= 100</th

#### **Section 4. First-Aid Measures**

General advice: Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area. Remove contaminated clothing.

#### 4.1 Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen and continue to monitor. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical

DIDP (Kanatol 1001-KLJ)

Version 2 April 11, 2017

Page 2 of 12





# SAFETY DATA SHEET GHS HCS-2012 §1910.1200

attention. Call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt, or waistband.

#### 4.2 Skin contact:

Wash skin with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before use.

#### 4.3 Eye contact:

Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after one to two minutes and continue flushing for several more minutes. If redness, itching or burning sensation develops, seek medical attention.

### 4.4 Ingestion:

Give nothing by mouth. Call a poison center or physician. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth with water. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt, or waistband.

### 4.5 Most important acute and delayed symptoms/effects:

Eye Contact: Excessive exposure may cause temporary redness and mild irritation to eyes.

Skin Contact: May cause redness, defatting, and cracking of skin.

Ingestion: May cause gastric disturbance. Inhalation: May cause mild irritation.

Chronic health effects: Chronic exposure may cause respiratory irritation.

Relevant routes of exposure: Eye, skin, inhalation.

#### 4.6 Indication of immediate medical attention and notes for physicians:

Persons with pre-existing skin, eye, or respiratory conditions may be at an increased risk from the irritant properties of this material. Attending physician should treat exposed patients symptomatically

**Protection of First Aiders:** No action should be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### **Section 5. Fire-Fighting Measures**

### 5.1 Flammable Properties:

Flash point: 275.00 °C- closed cup Lower explosion limit: No Data Upper explosion limit: No Data Auto ignition temperature: No Data

**DIDP (Kanatol 1001-KLJ)** 

**Version 2 April 11, 2017** 

**Page 3 of 12** 

## **DIDP (Kanatol 1001-KLJ)**



# SAFETY DATA SHEET GHS HCS-2012 §1910.1200

**Thermal decomposition:** When heated, hazardous gases may be released.

**Fire and Explosion Hazard:** Material will burn. Not a fire or explosion hazard.

#### 5.2 Extinguishing media:

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Combustible material. Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam. Water can be used to cool and protect product.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Forceful application of fire extinguishing agents or water spray may spread burning material. Material will float on water.

#### **5.3 Special hazards arising from the chemical:**

Unusual fire and explosion hazards: None known.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition, which may be toxic and/or irritating.

#### 5.4 Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters:

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Keep personnel away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Do not apply direct water stream. Use fine water spray or foam. Cool surroundings with water to localize fire zone.

**Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:** No special protective equipment required. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective firefighting clothing (includes firefighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves) to protect against other burning material. If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing mists. Avoid skin and eye contact. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Spilled material may cause a slipping hazard. Use appropriate safety equipment. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions and protective procedures:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains, sewers, waterways, and/or groundwater. In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Contain spilled material if possible. Eliminate all ignition sources including smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

**DIDP (Kanatol 1001-KLJ)** 



# SAFETY DATA SHEET GHS HCS-2012 §1910.1200

#### Section 7. Handling and Storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid breathing process mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not eat, drink and/or smoke in work areas. Wash hands after use. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage (including any incompatibilities):

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with good manufacturing practices. Storage containers should be grounded and bonded. Fixed storage containers, transfer containers and associated equipment should be grounded and bonded to prevent accumulation of static charge.

## Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Consult with a Health and Safety Professional for specific selections.

- **8.1 Control parameter:** Occupational exposure limits none listed
- **8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:** Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

#### **8.3 Personal protective equipment:**

**Eye protection:** Use safety glasses with side shields. **Body protection:** Use protective clothing as needed.

Hand protection: Contact should be minimized. Protective gloves are recommended

**Respiratory protection:** Concentration in air determines the level of respiratory protection needed. Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Use NIOSH certified respiratory equipment. (NIOSH certified organic vapor/particulate respirator as needed. Consult OSHA regulations for proper respiratory use (29 CFR 1910.134)

**Other:** Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. For non-fire emergencies, respiratory protection may be necessary and wear appropriate protective clothing to avoid contact with material. Have eyewash station, safety showers, and water supply in work area.

Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

#### Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Color:	Clear
Odor:	Characteristic
Odor threshold:	No Data Available
pH:	No Data
Freezing Point:	No Data

DIDP (Kanatol 1001-KLJ)

**Version 2** April 11, 2017

Page 5 of 12





# SAFETY DATA SHEET GHS HCS-2012 §1910.1200

D '11' D ' +	250 257 . 4
Boiling Point	250 -257 at 4mm Hg
Melting Point	-45 °C
Flash Point (COC):	275°C closed cup
Evaporation rate:	No Data Available
Upper Explosive Limits (% air):	NA
Lower Explosive Limits (%air):	No data
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not Applicable
Vapor pressure:	No data
Vapor density (air=1):	No Data
Density:	No Data
Specific gravity	0.965 at 20 deg C
Auto-ignition temperature:	No Data
Decomposition temperature:	Not Determined
Solubility in water:	Insoluble
Solubility in organic solvents	Soluble
Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water:	No data
Viscosity @ 27°C:	106-110 cps
Percent Volatile	0.1% max

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

- **10.1** Chemical stability: Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.
- **10.2 Possibility of hazardous reactions:** No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed.
- **10.3** Conditions to avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
- 10.4 Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizers
- 10.5 Hazardous decomposition products:

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Smoke, carbon monoxide, and other petroleum decomposition products in the case of incomplete combustion. Processing may release fumes and other decomposition products. Fumes can be irritating.

**10.6 Hazardous Polymerization:** Will not polymerize.

### **Section 11.** Toxicological Information

- 11.1 Information on the likely routes of exposure: Inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact.
- 11.2 Information on toxicological effects:

**Acute toxicity (similar material):** 





## SAFETY DATA SHEET GHS HCS-2012 §1910.1200

Oral LD50: > 64000 mg/kg - rabbit

A probable lethal human oral dose is between 0.5 and 15 grams per kilogram, or between

one ounce and one quart in a 70 kg adult.

Inhalation 4 h LC50: No Data

Dermal LD50: > 3160 mg/kg - Rabbit

Human patch studies produced no evidence of clinical sensitization or irritation was

observed.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Did not cause skin irritation in human patch tests

Classification: Not classified as irritant

Serious eye damage/irritation: Slight or no eye irritation (Rabbit)

Classification: Not classified as irritant

Inhalation: May cause mild respiratory tract irritation

Classification: Not classified

Respiratory sensitization: Did not cause sensitization in humans and laboratory animals, mouse

Classification: Does not cause respiratory sensitization

Skin sensitization: Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals, guinea pig or humans

Classification: Does not cause skin sensitization

Ingestion May cause gastric disturbances

Classification: Not toxic by ingestion.

Repeated dose toxicity

Inhalation Rat: No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Mutagenicity: Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic

effects

Reproductive Toxicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Specific target organ toxicity (STOT):** 

STOT-single exposure: Classification: Not classified STOT-repeated exposure: Classification: Not classified Aspiration Hazard: Classification: Not classified.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eve contact: Pain or irritation, watering, redness

Inhalation: irritation of respiratory tract, coughing and difficulty breathing.

Skin contact: Irritation, redness, defatting of skin

11.3 Carcinogenicity: Not considered a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH.

DIDP (Kanatol 1001-KLJ)

Version 2 April 11, 2017

Page 7 of 12





# SAFETY DATA SHEET GHS HCS-2012 §1910.1200

**11.4 Other:** US Congress and the EU have banned (on an interim basis) three types of phthalates, which includes **diisodecyl phthalate**, in any amount greater than 0.1 percent in a children's toy that can be placed in a child's mouth, and in child care articles.

Di-isodecyl phthalate (DIDP) has been tested in reproductive toxicology studies in laboratory rats (two generation studies). There were no effects on fertility, reproductive performance, or evidence of alteration of endocrine processes. A small, statistically significant decrease in offspring survival was observed. In evaluating these and related studies, the EU Risk Assessment for DIDP has concluded that classification and labeling is not required for any effect including reproductive and developmental effects. In addition the NTP Center for Evaluation of Risks to Human Reproduction has concluded that there is negligible concern for reproductive effects in adults and minimal concern for developmental effects in fetuses and children due to DIDP exposure.

## Section 12. Ecological Information

TOX DATA

Toxicity to fish

LC50-Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) > 0.62 mg/l -96 h

Aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates EC50-Daphnia magna (Water flea) 0.02 mg/l-48 h

Aquatic plants

No Data

Chronic toxicity

No Data

- **12.1 Mobility:** No Data.
- **12.2** Aquatic and terrestrial ecotoxicity: No Data.

### 12.3 Persistence and degradability:

Diisodecyl phthalate is confirmed to be degradable in the screening procedure of the Japanese Ministry of Trade and Industry (MITI).

- **12.4 Bioaccumulative potential:** log Pow calculated = 10.28 potentially bioaccumulative.
- **12.5** Other adverse effects: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Section 13. Disposal Considerations**

#### 13.1 Disposal methods:

Uncontaminated discarded product is not a hazardous waste under RCRA. Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground or into any body of water. All disposal practices must comply with all federal, state, and local laws and regulations. Offer surplus and non-recyclable material to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service for disposal of this material.

#### 13.2 Container disposal:





# SAFETY DATA SHEET GHS HCS-2012 §1910.1200

Empty container retains product residue. Observe all hazard precautions. Do not distribute, make available, furnish or reuse empty container except for storage and shipment of original product. Remove all product residue. Puncture or otherwise destroy empty container and dispose of in a facility permitted for nonhazardous waste.

#### **Section 14.** Transport Information

14.1 US DOT Regulations: Not regulated

14.2 UN number: Not regulated

14.3 UN proper shipping name: Not regulated

14.4 Transport hazard class: Not regulated

14.5 Packing group (if applicable): Not regulated

14.6 Marine Pollutant (Yes/No): No

**14.7 Special precaution:** No information available

14.8 ADR/RID Regulations:

UN number: ADR/RID: 3082 IMDG: 3082 IATA: 3082

UN proper shipping name:

ADR/RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(Diisodecyl phthalate) IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(Diisodecyl phthalate)

IATA: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.(Diisodecyl phthalate)

Transport hazard class(es):

ADR/RID: 9 IMDG: 9 IATA: 9 14.4 Packaging group ADR/RID: II IIMDG: III IATA: III 14.5 Environmental

hazards ADR/RID: yes IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: yes

Special precautions for user:

Further information EHS-Mark required (ADR 2.2.9.1.10, IMDG code 2.10.3) for single packagings and combination packagings containing inner packagings with Dangerous Goods > 5L for liquids or > 5kg for solid

## Section 15. Regulatory Information

## **U.S. Regulations**

**15.1 USA TSCA:** All intentionally added ingredients are listed on the TSCA Inventory or exempt.

### 15.2 SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Acute Hazard: No Chronic Hazard: No Fire Hazard: No

Reactive Hazard: No

DIDP (Kanatol 1001-KLJ) Version 2 April 11, 2017

Page 9 of 12





# SAFETY DATA SHEET GHS HCS-2012 §1910.1200

Sudden Pressure Release: No

15.3	<b>CERCLA Hazardous Substance SARA Section 304 Release Reporting</b>			
	Component(s)	Reportable Quantity		
	None			

15.4 SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances:

Component(s)/

CAS Number Concentration Min Max

None

15.5 SARA Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Component(s)/ Reporting Concentration

CAS Number Threshold Min Max

None

- **15.6** California Proposition 65: This product is known to contain chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.
- 15.7 Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right To Know Act: Hazardous Substances: NONE
- 15.8 New Jersey Worker and Community Right To Know Act: Hazardous Substances: NONE
- 15.9 International Regulations:

#### Canadian Regulations:

WHMIS Statement: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations* and the SDS contains all the information required by the *Controlled Products Regulations*. This product is classified as not controlled in accordance with the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations.

This product complies with RoHS (Restriction on Hazardous Substances).

Other requirements: Inventory Listing:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory	LISTED
DSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List	LISTED
NDSL - Non-Domestic Substances List	NOT LISTED
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European	LISTED
ELINCS - List of Notified Chemical Substances	NOT LISTED
ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances	LISTED
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	LISTED
AICS Australia - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances	LISTED
IECS China - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported	ed in China LISTED
TCSI Taiwan - Chemical Substance Inventory	LISTED
PICCS: Philippine Inventory	LISTED

NZIoC New Zealand

LISTED

**DIDP (Kanatol 1001-KLJ)** 



# SAFETY DATA SHEET GHS HCS-2012 §1910.1200

#### Section 16. Other Information

#### 16.1 NFPA and HMIS Hazard Ratings:

We assigned NFPA and HMIS ratings to this product based on the hazards of its ingredient(s). Because the customer is most aware of the application of the product, the customer must ensure that the proper personal protective equipment (PPE) is provided consistent with information contained in the product SDS. This information is intended solely for the use of individuals trained in the particular hazard rating system.

*Key:* 0 = least, 1 = slight, 2 = moderate, 3 = high, 4 = extreme

### NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) - Classification

Health 1 slight
Flammability 1 slight
Instability or Reactivity 0 minimal

#### HMIS® [Hazardous Materials Identification System (Paint & Coating)] - Classification

Health 1 slight
Flammability 1 slight
Reactivity 0 minimal

NFPA and HMIS® ratings involve data interpretations that may vary from company to company. They are intended only for rapid, general identification of the magnitude of the specific hazard. To deal adequately with the safe handling of this material, all the information contained in this SDS must be considered. This information is supplied solely for the use of individuals trained in the particular hazard rating system.

#### 16.2 Revision information:

Previous version 12/23/2016 Verson 1

Date of this revision: 04/11/2017 (Version 2.0) Revision summary: GHS/OSHA compliant SDS

**16.3 Training advice:** Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

## 16.4 Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

BEI Biological Exposure Index LC50 Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Median Lethal Dose

NOAEL No observed adverse effect level NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL No Observed Effect Level

OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development OPPTS Office of Prevention, Pesticides, and Toxic Substances

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

DIDP (Kanatol 1001-KLJ) Version 2 April 11, 2017

Page 11 of 12



## **SAFETY DATA SHEET DIDP (Kanatol 1001-KLJ)** GHS HCS-2012 §1910.1200

parts per million ppm

**STEL Short Term Exposure Limit** TLV Threshold Limit Value Time Weighted Average **TWA** 

An exposure value set by OSHA that is lower than the PEL that will trigger the need for activities Action Level

such as exposure monitoring and medical surveillance.

**DNEL** The derived no-effect level is the level of exposure to a substance above which humans should not be

exposed. According to REACH

#### **Declare to reader:**

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within R.E. Carroll, Inc. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information, and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal, and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

### END OF SDS